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EXAMINER

BARTS, SAMUEL A

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1621

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

07/23/2008

PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.



### DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's arguments filed 04/10/2008 have been fully considered but they are not fully persuasive.
2. Applicant has overcome the 112(1) rejection.
3. Applicant has also overcome the objections to claims 18-31.
4. Applicant's argument with respect to the art rejection is not found convincing.

Applicants submit that the secondary reference of Tsujii fails to demonstrate, by way of data, that the benzofuran derivatives would be useful for treating liver disorders. This argument is not convincing because there is no requirement that the prior art present data to prove an assertion that one skilled in art would reasonably expect to be true. Tsujii clearly states the following:

***The object compound (I) and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof possess a strong activity to scavenge reactive oxygen species and organic radicals and are useful for the treatment of the diseases caused by reactive oxygen species and organic radicals in human beings or animals and more particularly are useful for the treatment of ischemic heart diseases (e.g. arrhythmia, coronary vasospasm, necrosis of cardiac tissues, myocardial infarction, etc.), ischemic cerebral diseases (e.g. cerebral infarction, dementia, senile dementia, etc.), disorders of the liver, pancrea and kidney and the like.***

This statement is sufficient to clearly show that one skilled in the art would have a reasonable expectation of using the benzofuran compounds to treat liver disorders. Applicant's submission of documents which show that certain compounds were ineffective is not convincing. There is no requirement that the prior art be absolutely certain that the compounds will be effective. Applicant appears to be using a higher standard of evidence which would be more suitable for the FDA. The standard before

Art Unit: 1621

the patent office is whether the prior art as whole reasonably suggests that compounds with the claimed structure would have been useful to treat liver disorders. The art as whole does suggest the instant claimed compounds as useful candidates in treating liver disorders.

Applicant has also argued that the compounds of Tsujii are substantially different than the compounds taught by Tamura. This argument is not found convincing since both groups of compounds are benzofuran derivatives. Applicant is reminded that Tsujii is used to show that there is nexus between the treatment of certain diseases. In other words, the references clearly establish a prima facie connection that the compounds that would be useful to treat the diseases disclosed in Tamura would also be useful in treating liver disorders.

The rejection is being maintained.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 17-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamura in view of Tsujii. For reasons, see previous office actions and arguments submitted herein.

### ***Conclusion***

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Samuel A. Barts whose telephone number is 571-272-2870. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler can be reached on 571-272-0871. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1621

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Samuel A Barts/  
Primary Examiner  
Art Unit 1621

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